These guided activities would be good preparation for learning free code: <u>Vehicles</u>, <u>Shapes</u>, <u>Random Words & Wizards</u>, <u>Traffic Lights</u>. This lesson is planned as a 40 minute lesson with a 10 minute homework activity. Please adapt it to your school's requirements.

School:		Class: Year 6	Lesson: 4 of 5	Subject: Computing	Date:	
Lesson Overview		Objective, LOs & SCs			Free Code Activity	
In this lesson students will create a		NC Objective:				
program that will do 2 separate		Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input			Free Code Gorilla	
defined things.		and output.				
1.	They will create a program				http://www.purplemash.co	
	that includes a character or	Learning Outcomes:			m/app/code/openended/fr	
	characters that follow a	<ul> <li>I can create a program that includes a VARIABLE that REPEATS an action.</li> </ul>			<u>eecodegorilla</u>	
	sequence of directions using a	I can make my own program	<ul> <li>I can make my own program that includes an OBJECT that completes a SEQUENCE of</li> </ul>			
	selection command (IF). These	COMMANDS when I use a VA	ARIABLE.			
	directions will be inputted in a	• I can use the command IF in	my program successfully. (HA/Exce	eding expectations)		
	variety of ways to create a					
	different output.	Success Criteria:				
2.	They will also create a	• I can show how my character	r repeats an ACTION and explain ho	w I caused it to do so.		
	program that includes a	<ul> <li>I can explain what a SEQUEN</li> </ul>	CE is when used in programming.			
	VARIABLE that repeats.	I can explain what SEQUENCI	E I used in my program.			
		• I can show how my program	responds to the command IF.			

New Vocabulary	Link/s to other subjects	Differentiation	Assessment Opportunities	Resources Needed
If	Literacy – descriptive	Include students to be aware of and notes for	Programs	Offline resources pack
Input	language when writing	support staff.	<ul> <li>Writing up of programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Flashcards from</li> </ul>
Output	up what they did and	SEN: to create simplified version of the program	<ul> <li>Observing how ch work</li> </ul>	resource pack – <u>teacher</u> ,
Repeat	how it worked.	with support.	together	<u>student</u>
Selection		LA: to create program using when clicked	<ul> <li>Memory games</li> </ul>	• IWB
Sequence		commands and if commands instead of		<ul> <li>Internet connection</li> </ul>
Sequencing		variables.		• 2Code workbooks
Variable		HA: can create more advanced program.		
		Extension Activities: could create a more		
		developed program.		

Introduction	Activities (25mins)	Plenary	Homework
In the	Teacher explains that in this lesson children will be creating 2 new programs in their 2Code	Children	Take 2Code
introduction to	workbooks. The students will use their knowledge of VARIABLES and the command IF	should ensure	workbook
this lesson we	selects different blocks of command to run. These commands will cause an OBJECT (ask ch:	that they've	home (or a
will be	what is an object? i.e. a character or an animal) to behave differently. In the second	written their	copy of the
reviewing	program, they will learn how to create a variable that repeats an ACTION and creates a	planning in	code) and
vocabulary	sequence of numbers.	their 2Code	input the
relating to	Variables Fairy Dog	workbooks.	program
coding. Stick	Students are expected to work on developing a program that includes an animal or	Some children	into 2Code
<u>flashcards</u> on	character that moves and makes sounds when using text commands (IF commands)	to come up to	and save the
boards. Ch to	and VARIABLES. Children should work in pairs to decide on which characters they will	the front to	program.
look at	be using and what their characters will do. Children will decide in advance what	show their	
flashcard packs	commands they will use and what they will use them for. They should note down	programs and	Publish and
on tables. On	their plans in their 2Code workbooks. HA students should use more than one OBJECT	explain them.	print QR
one side of	and use a variety of INPUTS to control their OBJECTS. Remind students to use TABS		code to take
flashcard	to organise their code. (Use sequence; selection & repetition in programs; work with	Quick	in to school.
should be the	variables & various forms of input and output.)	memory game	
word and other		using	
side should be	Emerging (LA) students should use an OBJECT that REPEATS an action every time it is	flashcards to	
definition.	clicked (INPUT) and to use an animal that does something different or makes a sound	review vocab	
	each time a key is pressed (SEQUENCE, INPUT, OUTPUT) (Use sequence; selection &	covered at the	
T to go through	repetition in programs with various forms of input and output.)	beginning of	
words:		the lesson.	
VARIABLES,	The second program should use a VARIABLE that follows a SEQUENCE using a	You can also	
SEQUENCE,	REPEAT. In this program, the children will be using a temporary VARIABLE to count	use online	
SELECTION,	from 1 up to the INPUT VALUE. The temporary VARIABLE will initially be set to 1 and	games ( <u>link 1</u> ,	
REPETITION,	the REPEAT UNTIL will OUTPUT this count using the PRINT TO SCREEN and increase the	link 2, link 3).	
INPUT and	count by 1 until it exceeds the INPUT VALUE. Their code should look like the screenshot		
OUTPUT on	below. In order to create this program, students		
board. Children	will use the commands: CREATE VARIABLE,		
play memory	CHANGE VARIABLE, GET INPUT, REPEAT UNTIL and		
games with the	PRINT TO SCREEN. Send children to create their		
flashcards to	program. Once they have completed their program		
learn the vocab	successfully they can work individually on the		
	guided lesson CODING NUMBER SEQUENCES".		
		1	